

JOURNAL OF THE SENATE

Beginning the thirty-second Biennial Session of the Legislature of the State of Florida, under the Constitution of the State, A. D., 1885, begun and held at the Capitol, in the City of Tallahassee, Florida, on Tuesday, the fifth day of April, A. D., 1949, at 12:00 o'clock, Noon, being the day fixed by the Constitution of the State of Florida for the convening of the Legislature.

Tuesday, April 5, 1949

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The Senate convened at 12:00 o'clock, Noon, and was called to order by the Honorable S. D. Clarke, President of the Senate.

By direction of the President, the Secretary of the Senate called the roll of the hold-over members of the Senate and the following answered to their names:

Senator Philip D. Beall, Jr.—2nd District.
 Senator C. L. Alford—4th District.
 Senator A. L. Wilson—6th District.
 Senator LeRoy Collins—8th District.
 Senator W. T. Davis—10th District.
 Senator Evans Crary—12th District.
 Senator J. Wofford Lindler—14th District.
 Senator A. G. McArthur—16th District.
 Senator John E. Mathews—18th District.
 Senator Wallace E. Sturgis—20th District.
 Senator S. D. Clarke—22nd District.
 Senator James A. Franklin—24th District.
 Senator B. C. Pearce—26th District.
 Senator Walter G. Walker—28th District.
 Senator George W. Leaird—30th District.
 Senator W. A. Shands—32nd District.
 Senator Raymond Sheldon—34th District.
 Senator William J. Ray—36th District.
 Senator J. C. Getzen, Jr.—38th District.

The Secretary of the Senate announced that the Honorable R. A. Gray, Secretary of State, had certified to the election of certain Senators at the general election of November 2, 1948, and the certificate had been received and filed.

By direction of the President, the Secretary of the Senate called the roll of the newly elected Senators, as certified to the Senate by the Secretary of State and the following answered to their names:

Senator Newman C. Brackin—1st District.
 Senator Johnnie Wright—3rd District.
 Senator Luther C. Tucker—5th District.
 Senator Harry E. King—7th District.
 Senator Joseph E. Johnston, Jr.—9th District.
 Senator Henry S. Baynard—11th District.
 Senator R. B. (Bunn) Gautier—13th District.
 Senator Charley E. Johns—15th District.
 Senator G. Warren Sanchez—17th District.
 Senator J. B. Rodgers, Jr.—19th District.
 Senator J. Min Ayers—21st District.
 Senator J. Edwin Baker—23rd District.
 Senator Olin G. Shivers—25th District.
 Senator James W. Moore—27th District.
 Senator J. Slater Smith, Jr.—29th District.
 Senator Verle E. Pope—31st District.
 Senator N. Ray Carroll—33rd District.
 Senator John R. Beacham—35th District.
 Senator Lloyd F. Boyle—37th District.

The oath of office was then administered to the newly elected Senators by the Honorable Alto Adams, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida.

The roll of the Senate as constituted was then called by the Secretary and the following Senators answered to their names:

| | | | |
|---------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Mr. President | Baynard | Brackin | Davis |
| Alford | Beacham | Carroll | Franklin |
| Ayers | Beall | Collins | Gautier |

| | | | |
|----------|----------|---------|--------|
| Johns | McArthur | Sanchez | Tucker |
| Johnston | Moore | Shands | Walker |
| King | Pearce | Sheldon | Wilson |
| Leaird | Pope | Shivers | Wright |
| Lindler | Ray | Smith | |
| Mathews | Rodgers | Sturgis | |

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A quorum of the Senate was announced.

Prayer was offered by the Senate Chaplain, Reverend W. F. Dunkle.

The Senate then proceeded to the organization of the Body for the 1949 Regular Session of the Legislature.

Senator Shands presented the name of Senator Newman C. Brackin of the 1st Senatorial District to be President of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

Senator McArthur seconded the nomination of Senator Brackin to be President of the Senate.

Senator Wright moved that the nominations be closed.

Which was agreed to and it was so ordered.

The question was put and upon call of the roll on the election of Senator Brackin the vote was:

Yeas—37

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Alford | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Ayers | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baker | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Baynard | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beacham | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Beall | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Boyle | King | Sanchez | |
| Carroll | Leaird | Shands | |
| Collins | Lindler | Sheldon | |

Nays—None

Senator Brackin not voting.

And Senator Brackin was elected President of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

Senator Leaird moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort the newly elected President to the rostrum of the Senate.

Which was agreed to.

Senator Clarke, the retiring President, appointed Senators Leaird, Beall and Baynard as the committee.

The newly elected President was escorted by the committee to the rostrum where he was received with due courtesy by the retiring President.

Senator Carroll moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort Mrs. Newman C. Brackin, wife of the newly elected President of the Senate, to a seat on the rostrum.

Which was agreed to.

The retiring President appointed Senators Carroll Shivers

The committee escorted Mrs. Brackin to the rostrum where she was received courteously by the retiring President and seated beside the newly elected President.

Senator McArthur moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort Newman C. Brackin, Jr., infant son of the newly elected President of the Senate, to the rostrum.

Which was agreed to.

The retiring President appointed Senators McArthur, Pearce, and Gautier as the committee.

The committee escorted Newman C. Brackin, Jr., to the rostrum.

The Honorable Alto Adams, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida, administered the oath of office to Senator Brackin as President of the Senate.

Senator Clarke, the retiring President, presented the newly elected and sworn President of the Senate to the Body and surrendered to him the Senate Gavel.

President Newman C. Brackin addressed the Senate as follows:

Senator Clarke and my fellow Senators of Florida:

The position in which you have placed me is one which I will remember and cherish for the rest of my life. You have conferred on me an honor to which I shall point with pride to my family and my friends throughout the years. I accept this honor with humility but with the full determination to conduct myself in such a way that you will never have reason to regret your choice.

As a matter of fact, when we recall the great men who have occupied this post, we are aware that it would be a bold man indeed who aspired to go down in history as the greatest president of the Florida Senate. Instead, I have another ambition—I would prefer to be remembered as the president of the greatest senate in Florida's history. And I realize, as I look about me at the fine combination of youthful energy and mature judgment represented in this Senate, that I have a reasonable chance of attaining this ambition. I shall certainly do my best to help make this a great Senate by attempting at all times to preside in a fair, honest, and efficient manner. It is my earnest hope that the people of Florida, who are looking today to this Legislature for leadership, can look at our record 60 days from now and say we have done a good job for a majority of the fine residents of this great, progressive, and sovereign state.

Each of you was elected to the Senate because of the confidence and esteem in which you were held by your constituents. We are gathered here today to begin the duties by which we may prove ourselves worthy of the trust placed in us. We each have a picture of Florida's problems, a picture that will become ever clearer as the session progresses. But even today the picture is clear enough to show us that we assemble at a solemn moment in the history of our state. It is a test and a challenge to us, the solution of Florida's problems. It is to the best interest of the state that we each have differing views of these problems and of their order of importance. The strength of democratic government lies in its ability to reconcile individual opinion, and to discuss these opinions in a calm and considerate manner, and to work together as a unified and cooperative group for the best action for the greatest number.

Senators, on this opening day of the 1949 session, let us each resolve to conduct our work with such courtesy, cooperation and consideration that we can meet on the last day with a mutual feeling of work well done and with pleasant memories of our association in this august body.

I have spent many days and weeks in an effort to place each of you on committees for which I felt you best qualified. You realize full well that it was not humanly possible to give each member all the assignments of his choice. It was equally impossible to put all the good and well qualified men for a certain committee on that committee, owing to the limited number permitted to serve. All of you have several important committee assignments and we should remember there are no unimportant committees. Your diligence and your best

the 1949 Senate. Incidentally, I think it augurs well for our mutual efforts that those senators who did not receive assignments they especially desired have accepted this with good grace and have indicated whole-hearted cooperation with the committees to which they were appointed.

Besides this feeling of good will among the members, I believe we are getting off on the right foot in another way. The streamlining of the process of engrossing and enrolling bills will produce greater efficiency and will effect economies, both in the abolition of jobs no longer needed and in the substantial reduction of printing costs. Mechanical means of effecting other economies in lawmaking are receiving serious study and may be possible by the next session of the Senate. I feel that by reducing our expenses we are setting a good example for other departments of state government.

Florida is one of the fastest growing states in the country today. We have risen from the rank of 33rd in population not so long ago to 24th place in 1948. In addition to this rapid growth of permanent population, we enjoy visits from four million tourists each year. With proper advertising and improved attractions we could swell this number to twenty million visitors a year and continue to show a steady increase in permanent population. Our people are progressive, wide-awake, energetic, and determined that Florida shall remain a land of great opportunity. Let us see that the Legislature expresses the will of the people in contributing to the development of a better, healthier, wealthier Florida than ever before.

You no doubt feel, as I do, that Florida is the finest state in the union, and the best place on earth in which to live. But we must not let our love of Florida blind us to the facts that a great many things are needed to give our state its rightful place in the sun. We must not lose sight of our advantages and our great advancement over the years. Nevertheless, if our dreams of a better Florida in the future are to become a reality, we must face our distressing problems with no glossing over the rough places.

The 1947 Legislature faced squarely up to the situation of the Florida educational system, and passed the Minimum Foundation Program for Florida schools. Its accomplishment has proved to be of even greater value than was hoped. The men and women of the educational system have kept faith with the 1947 Legislature by making this program a success. It should be one of our first duties to see that funds are available to continue this splendid program, and to add to it wherever possible. We do not want our schools to mark time at their present place, however pleased we may be with their success since 1947. We want them to continue an uninterrupted advance.

No discussion of the Florida educational system can progress very far without taking into account our institutions of higher learning. Our state colleges and universities must be amply financed if we expect maximum results. The sources of knowledge and ability afforded us in our universities should be extended and made available to more young men and women within our state and to our visitors. The rate of pay for college teachers is so low as to be shameful. We expect these men and women to whom we trust the training of our young people to be social and cultural leaders in their communities and in our state as a whole. It is high time that our appreciation for the fine service of our higher institutions and the men and women who so loyally work in them took the form of higher salaries and better facilities with which to work.

It should also be one of our first duties to evaluate the economic situation of our state, and to see wherein the 1949 Legislature may help this over-all economic picture to become brighter.

If we examine the income per capita tables of 1947 (the last year available, as 1948 has not been compiled as yet) we find that Florida had an income per capita of \$1,104, the highest in the southeast. But if we look at a table showing the value of manufactured goods produced in a state, we find that Florida is third from the bottom in the southeast, only Arkansas and Mississippi being lower. How shall we explain this discrepancy? One factor that raises our income per capita is that many wealthy and retired people have their winter homes in our beautiful state, and declare their incomes from Florida. Another factor is that large portions of our wealth come from the tourist trade, as well as farming and forestry.

can to build up this side of our economy. It was a pleasure for me to attend in Tampa two weeks ago one of the first meetings of the new Advertising Commission and I believe we can rest assured that a good job will be done with whatever appropriation is made but I sincerely hope that ample funds will be made available to go out and attract new industries as well as to meet increasing competition for the tourist dollar. I was very favorably impressed by the bold approach the Commission is prepared to make to our problems. Incidentally, as a merchant I have learned that the time to increase your advertising is when business shows a tendency to slacken off. We soon will have cheaper power to offer manufacturing concerns from the construction of power dams, such as the Jim Woodruff dam on the Chattahoochee River. There is a strong possibility that natural gas soon will have a new pipe line through the state, and be available for industrial use. We must be prepared to use these new sources to advantage.

Our glance at the economic statistics have shown us that the tourist trade accounts for much of our money. We must do our utmost to make our state even more attractive to tourists. Along this line, we have two highway problems. The first is that we suffered a lag of five years in new construction and repairs of highways during World War II. Our old highways and bridges in many sections of Florida have become almost impassable. The state must put its highways into good condition for the enjoyment of our visitors as well as for the use of our own good people. Incidentally, I hope those fine guardians of our roads, the Highway Patrolmen, will receive pay equal to the hazards of their duty.

The second problem is a beautification of our highways. Much has been done by the highway department in cooperation with local groups in the building of highway parks. I would like to see further cooperation between the highway department and local garden clubs and P.T.A. groups, and other civic minded organizations in the planting and maintenance of ornamental shrubs and flowers along our highways.

A third problem which is not only a highway problem but touches several other fields is that of the fencing of livestock. Roaming livestock must be eliminated from the highways of this state. Florida's cattle industry is rapidly becoming one of the prime industries of the state. I sincerely believe that the fencing of livestock will encourage the raising and breeding of better grades, as well as aiding in the programs of safety, beautification and reforestation. Of course livestock owners in all fairness must be given a reasonable time to fence.

Water pollution has become a serious health problem in Florida. This Legislature should furnish the leadership and the means to the State Board of Health to enable that group, in cooperation with municipal governments, to remedy this condition. We must do our best to find a solution to this problem before we are stricken with a serious epidemic, and before our visitors become alarmed.

Drainage and water control is another field in which the Legislature should work. We must provide sufficient funds for the state's share of the cost of this work. Proper drainage and water control will mean that much land that is now useless will be brought into productivity in agriculture and forestry. The need of our state for an expanded program of reforestation and fire control is evident on every hand from Key West to Pensacola.

There are many other needs which we of the Legislature must make every effort to fill. Some of our election laws, temperance laws, and others have proved difficult both to interpret and to enforce. These laws should be clarified.

Our state government has made great strides in providing for the comfort of its aged people in the sunset of life. My friends, these are the citizens who saw the great possibilities in Florida half or three-quarters of a century ago. These fine citizens had the courage and determination to build a land of beauty and greater opportunity. Our welfare program for the aged and for dependent children can, and should, be improved upon. Monthly grants to them should have a minimum of not less than \$50 per month. I believe it would be possible to raise the amount of money that is actually given to the indigent people by streamlining the Welfare Department, and eliminating excessive costs involved in too much paper work and red tape, and too many visits and double checking by case

than \$100 is spent in order to check up on a single case involving less than \$20 in a suspected overpayment.

Our Chief Executive has expressed on several occasions his desire for mutual cooperation with us in building a better Florida. I feel certain that I speak for all the Senate when I say we will study his program carefully and will meet him more than half way in attempting to eliminate any differences of opinion that may arise.

Fellow Senators, if we meet the needs of our State at this time we are going to require a firm and business like financial program. We must do what we can to eliminate waste from the cost of state government, whether the amount involved is small or large. The Joint House-Senate Tax Survey Committee has made an excellent start in blue-printing the pattern for improvement of government. We must deal fairly and equitably with all the people in the fixing of a tax program. It may become necessary to assess new taxes in order to meet our basic state programs. It will be our solemn duty to examine any new sources for taxation carefully, to see that we do not work an unequal hardship on any of our people or on any one of our basic industries. My hope is that my sincere effort to serve you faithfully and well will repay you for the honor you have done me, and perhaps earn for me a small place in your hearts. Let us strive to work together with sincere cooperation to make this 1949 Session of the Legislature an outstanding one in achievement for the growth and progress of our great State of Florida.

Senator Sheldon moved that the foregoing address of the President be spread upon the Journal.

Which was agreed to and it was so ordered.

Senator King placed in nomination the name of Senator William J. Ray of the 36th Senatorial District to be President Pro Tempore of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The question was put and Senator Ray was unanimously elected President Pro Tempore of the Senate by a rising vote of the members.

Senator Baker moved that a committee of three be appointed to escort the newly elected President Pro Tempore to a seat on the rostrum.

Which was agreed to.

The President appointed Senators Baker, Smith, and Walker as the committee and Senator Ray, the President Pro Tempore, was escorted to the rostrum.

President Pro Tempore addressed the Senate as follows:

Mr. President and Fellow Senators:

I want to thank you with all the sincerity in my heart for the honor which you have conferred upon me. The fact that many of you are more deserving of this honor than I gives me a sense of humility that should make me a better servant.

I want to concur in the brilliant and masterful acceptance speech of our newly elected President. I would like to appropriate every word, every sentence, and every thought in it as my very own.

Mr. President, you have a great responsibility, not only to this Senate but to the whole State of Florida. I cannot relieve you of this responsibility but I pledge to you that I will relieve you of as much of the burden as I am able to carry.

Much has been said about the seriousness of the situation under which we meet. Let us be comforted by the fact that other Legislatures have met under similar circumstances and have successfully solved their problems. Let us not be frightened by the problems which confront us but rather be thankful that we are matched with this hour.

May we resolve, God helping us, to be a part of the answer to the problem and not part of the problem.

Again I thank you.

Senator Sheldon moved that the foregoing address of the President Pro Tempore be spread upon the Journal.

Which was agreed to and it was so ordered.

Senator Collins placed in nomination the name of Bob W

The question was put and upon call of the roll on the election of Robt. W. Davis the vote was:

Yeas—38

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

Nays—None

So Robt. W. Davis was elected Secretary of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The Honorable Alto Adams, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida, administered the oath of office to Robt. W. Davis as Secretary of the Senate.

Senator Mathews placed in nomination the name of D. H. McCallum to be Sergeant-At-Arms of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The question was put and upon call of the roll on the election of D. H. McCallum the vote was:

Yeas—38

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

Nays—None

So D. H. McCallum was elected Sergeant-At-Arms of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The Honorable Alto Adams, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Florida, administered the oath of office to D. H. McCallum as Sergeant-At-Arms of the Senate.

Senator Franklin moved that a committee be appointed to escort Major General William E. Kepner, Commanding General, Air Proving Grounds at Eglin Field, Florida, to a seat on the rostrum.

Which was agreed to.

The President appointed Senators Franklin, Johnston, and Shivers as the committee.

Senator Collins moved that Miss Kate B. Inman be named Reading Secretary of the Senate.

Which was agreed to and Miss Kate B. Inman was named Reading Secretary of the Senate.

Senator Johns moved that George H. Inman be named Assistant Reading Secretary of the Senate.

Which was agreed to and George H. Inman was named Assistant Reading Secretary of the Senate.

Senator McArthur moved that Miss Ruth Morse be named Head Stenographer of the Senate.

Which was agreed to and Miss Ruth Morse was named Head Stenographer of the Senate.

Senator Sanchez moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform His Excellency that the Senate was organized and ready to proceed to the business of the Session, awaiting any message he may wish to

The President appointed Senators Sanchez, Johns, and Mathews as the committee.

The committee withdrew.

Senator Crary moved that a committee of three be appointed to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate was organized and ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

Which was agreed to.

The President appointed Senators Crary, Moore, and Ayers as the committee.

The committee withdrew.

Senator McArthur moved that the rules of the 1947 Regular Session be adopted to govern the Senate until such time as the Committee on Rules and Calendar may report Rules for the 1949 Session and the same may be adopted by the Senate, except that the Secretary of the Senate be made Ex-Officio Enrolling Clerk and Ex-Officio Engrossing Clerk.

Which was agreed to and it was so ordered.

Senator Sturgis moved that the flowers and floral arrangements which have been so thoughtfully and generously contributed to the members of the Senate for the beautification of the Chamber on the opening day be given to the patients of Tallahassee Memorial Hospital with the permission of the respective Senators.

Which was agreed to and it was so ordered.

A committee from the House of Representatives composed of Messrs. Clements of Pinellas, Sheppard of St. Johns, and MacWilliams of Indian River, appeared at the Bar of the Senate and notified the Body that the House of Representatives was duly organized and ready to proceed with the business of the Session.

The committee withdrew.

The committee appointed to wait upon the Governor appeared at the Bar of the Senate and reported to the President that its duty had been performed and that the Governor requested the committee to convey the following message to the Senate:

STATE OF FLORIDA
EXECUTIVE OFFICE
TALLAHASSEE
April 5, 1949

Honorable Newman C. Brackin
President of the Senate
State Capitol

Dear Mr. President:

I desire to address your Honorable Body, in joint session with the House of Representatives, this afternoon, April 5th, at three o'clock.

I am anticipating with much pleasure working and cooperating with the Senate this session in an effort to bring about the best results for our great State.

Cordially and Sincerely,
FULLER WARREN
Governor

Whereupon the committee was discharged.

The committee appointed to notify the House of Representatives of the organization of the Senate appeared at the Bar of the Senate and reported that its duty had been performed.

Whereupon the committee was discharged.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS

By Senator McArthur—

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1:

WHEREAS, HIS EXCELLENCY, FULLER WARREN, GOVERNOR OF FLORIDA, has expressed a desire to address

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING:

That the Senate and House of Representatives convene in Joint Session in the Chamber of the House of Representatives at 3:00 o'clock P. M., this day, Tuesday, April 5, 1949, for the purpose of receiving His Excellency's message.

Which was read the first time in full.

Senator McArthur moved that the rules be waived and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1 be read the second time in full.

Which was agreed to by a two-thirds vote and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1 was read the second time in full.

The question was put on the adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1.

And Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1 was adopted and ordered to be immediately certified to the House of Representatives by waiver of the rules.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following message from the House of Representatives was read:

Tallahassee, Florida,
April 5, 1949

Hon. Newman C. Brackin,
President of the Senate.
Sir:

I am directed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted—

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1:

WHEREAS, His Excellency, Fuller Warren, Governor of Florida, has expressed a desire to address the Legislature of Florida in Joint Session on this day, Tuesday, April 5, 1949, at 3:00 o'clock P. M.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING:

That the Senate and House of Representatives convene in Joint Session in the Chamber of the House of Representatives at 3:00 o'clock P. M., this day, Tuesday, April 5, 1949, for the purpose of receiving His Excellency's message.

Respectfully,
LAMAR BLEDSOE,
Chief Clerk House of Representatives.

And Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1, contained in the above Message, was referred to the Secretary as ExOfficio Enrolling Clerk for enrolling.

Senator McArthur moved that the Senate recess until 2:45 o'clock P. M., this day.

Which was agreed to.

And the Senate recessed at 1:30 o'clock P. M., until 2:45 o'clock P. M., this day.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The Senate reconvened at 2:45 o'clock P. M., pursuant to recess order.

The President in the Chair.

The roll was called and the following Senators answered to their names:

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

A quorum present.

Pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1 the Senate formed in processional order and marched in a body to the hall of the House of Representatives in the order of their service as Senators, preceded by the President and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, who were preceded by the Secretary of the Senate, the way being opened to the hall of the House of Representatives for the Senators by the Sergeant-At-Arms of the Senate.

The House of Representatives received the Senate in due form.

Honorable Perry E. Murray, Speaker of the House of Representatives, received the President of the Senate on the rostrum and requested him to preside over the Joint Assembly.

The President in the Chair.

By direction of the President, the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives called the roll of the House of Representatives and the following members answered to their names:

| | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Mr. Speaker | Dekle | McMullen | Schuh |
| Allen | Dowda | Melvin | Sellar |
| Andrews | Dunn | Merchant | Shepperd |
| Beasley | Elliott | Merritt | Simpson |
| Black | Frank | Monahan | Slaughter |
| Bollinger | Fuqua | Moody | Smith, L. W. |
| Botts | Griggs | Morgan | Smith, M. B. |
| Branch | Haley | Murray | Smith, W. A. |
| Bridges | Heath | Nesmith | Stewart |
| Bronson | Henderson | Odham | Stockdale |
| Bryant | Hendry | Okell | Strayhorn |
| Burnsed | Hethcox | Papy | Summers |
| Burton | Hough | Parker | Surles |
| Burwell | Hudson | Patton | Sweeney |
| Carlton | Johnson | Pearce | Tapper |
| Carraway | Lancaster, D. | Peoples | Thornal |
| Clement | Lancaster, H. | Phillips | Usina |
| Cobb | Lantaff | Pooser | Whitlock |
| Collins | Luckie | Roberts | Williams |
| Cook | MacWilliam | Rood | Wise |
| Copeland | Mathis | Sapp | Wotitzky |
| Courtney | McAlpin | Saunders, D. H. | Yeomans |
| David | McClure | Saunders, S. D. | |
| Dayton | McKendree | Scarborough | |

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A quorum of the House of Representatives was declared present.

By direction of the President, the Secretary of the Senate called the roll of the Senate and the following Senators answered to their names:

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

—38.

A quorum of the Senate was declared present.

The President announced a quorum of the Joint Assembly present.

Prayer was offered by Dr. Doak S. Campbell, President of Florida State University.

Senator Shands moved that a committee be appointed to notify the Governor that the Senate and the House of Representatives were now in Joint Session assembled and ready to receive His Excellency's message.

Which was agreed to.

The President appointed Senators Shands, Mathews and Sanchez on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. Clement of Pinellas, Schuh of Pinellas, Tapper of Gulf, Elliott of Palm Beach and Morgan of Duval, on the part of the House of

The committee withdrew.

Honorable R. A. Gray, Secretary of State; Honorable Richard W. Ervin, Attorney General; Honorable Clarence M. Gay, Comptroller; Honorable J. Edwin Larson, Treasurer; Honorable Nathan Mayo, Commissioner of Agriculture; Honorable Thomas D. Bailey, Superintendent of Public Instruction; constituting the Cabinet of the State of Florida, appeared in a body at the Bar of the House of Representatives and were seated immediately in front of the rostrum.

The committee appointed to wait upon the Governor reappeared in the hall of the House of Representatives escorting His Excellency, Fuller Warren, Governor of Florida.

The Governor was received by the Joint Assembly standing.

The President presented His Excellency to the Joint Assembly and the Governor thereupon delivered his message to the Legislature in joint session assembled.

Following the Governor's address, Senator McArthur moved that the Senate do now withdraw from the Joint Assembly and resume its session in the Senate Chamber.

Which was agreed to.

The Senate returned to the Senate Chamber in processional order and resumed its session at 4:39 o'clock P. M.

The roll was called and the following Senators answered to their names:

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

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A quorum present.

Senator McArthur moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Executive Business.

Which was agreed to.

And the Senate went into Executive Session at 4:41 o'clock P. M.

The Senate emerged from Executive Session at 5:08 o'clock P. M., and resumed its session.

The roll was called and the following Senators answered to their names:

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Mr. President | Collins | Lindler | Sheldon |
| Alford | Crary | Mathews | Shivers |
| Ayers | Davis | McArthur | Smith |
| Baker | Franklin | Moore | Sturgis |
| Baynard | Gautier | Pearce | Tucker |
| Beacham | Getzen | Pope | Walker |
| Beall | Johns | Ray | Wilson |
| Boyle | Johnston | Rodgers | Wright |
| Carroll | King | Sanchez | |
| Clarke | Leaird | Shands | |

-38.

A quorum present.

Senator McArthur moved that the Senate adjourn.

Which was agreed to.

And the Senate stood adjourned at 5:09 o'clock P. M., until 11:00 o'clock A. M., Wednesday, April 6, 1949.